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ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE 206441 TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES U.S. APPLICATION NO DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PRIORITY DATE CLA PCT/GB99/00987 31 March 1998 30 March 1999 TITLE OF INVENTION CELLULAR TELEPHONE ARRANGEMENTS APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US O'NEILL, Gerard and BANKS, Bob Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) now rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set forth in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). has been transmitted by the International Bureau. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). have been transmitted by the International Bureau. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. have not been made and will not be made. A translation of the amendment to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. A copy or translation of the Amendments made by the Applicant during PCT Chapter II, which are attached as Annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). Items 11 to 17 below concern other document(s) or information included: 11. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 12. An assignment for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 13. A FIRST preliminary amendment. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. A substitute specification. 15. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 16. A verified small entity statement. 17. Other items or information:

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PATENT

Attorney Docket No. 206441

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

O'NEILL et al.

Art Unit: Unassigned

Corresponding to PCT/GB99/00987

Examiner: Unassigned

Filed: March 30, 1999

For:

CELLULAR TELEPHONE

ARRANGEMENTS

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Prior to the examination of the above-identified patent application, please enter the following amendments and consider the following remarks.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Amended) An enclosure [(14,24,44)] for the circuitry of a base station [(44)] of a cellular telephone system which receives signals from and supplies signals to an antenna [(46)] of the system, in which the enclosure [(14,24,44)] includes further circuitry [(29)] for controlling an item of street furniture, characterised in that part of the circuitry [(30,31)] of the base station is common to part [(30,31)] of the further circuitry [(29)].

Claim 2, line 2, delete "(30)".

- 3. (Amended) An enclosure according to claim 1 [or 2], characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes signalling circuitry [(31)].
- 4. (Amended) An enclosure according to [any preceding] claim 1, characterised by means [(32]) for cooling or ventilating the interior thereof.
- 5. (Amended) An enclosure according to [any preceding] claim 1, characterised by means [(32)] for controlling the ambient temperature therewithin.
- 6. (Amended) An item of street furniture [(5,6,20,42)], additionally incorporating or carrying an antenna [(46)] for a base station [(44)] of a cellular telephone system, in combination with an enclosure [(14,24,44)] for containing the circuitry [(28,30,31)] of the base station [(44)], the enclosure [(14,24,44)] being the same enclosure which includes circuitry [(29)] for use in the principal function of the item of street furniture [(5,6,20,42)], characterised in that at least part of the circuitry for the base station [(44)] is common with part [(30,31)] of the circuitry for the principal function of the item of street furniture [(5,6,20,42)].

Claim 7, line 2, delete "(30)".

8. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to claim 6 [or 7], characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes circuitry [(31)] for carrying signals to or from the base station circuitry [(28)] and the circuit [(29)] for the principal function of the item of street furniture [(5,6,20,42)].

- 9. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 8], characterised in that it is associated with but physically separate from the enclosure [(14)].
- 10. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 8], characterised in that it is physically combined with the enclosure [(24)].
- 11. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 10], characterised in that it is in the form of a mast [(5)] carrying lighting means.
- 12. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 10], characterised in that it is in the form of a mast [(20)] carrying a closed circuit television camera [(22)].
- 13. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] <u>claim</u> 6 [to 10], characterised in that it comprises a sign [(42)].

Claim 14, line 1, delete "(42)".

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- 16. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 10], characterised in the it is a drain pipe or simulated drain pip [(56)] for mounting on an external surface of a building and the antenna [(54)] is mounted within the pipe.
- 17. (Amended) An item of street furniture according to [any one of claims] claim 6 [to 16], characterised by means [(32)] for cooling or ventilating the interior of the enclosure [(14,24,44)].

REMARKS

Claims 1, 2, 6, 7, and 14 have been amended to remove the reference to numerals of the figures and to have these claims conform to U.S. patent practice. Claims 3-5, 8-13, and 16-17 have been amended to remove the multiple dependencies of those claims. No new matter has been introduced by way of these amendments.

If in the opinion of the Examiner a telephone conference would expedite the prosecution of the subject application, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned attorney.

Respectfully submitted,

Gordon R. Coons, Reg. No. 20821

One of the Attorneys for Applicant(s)

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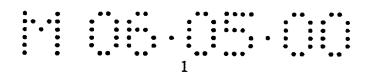
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Date: August 30, 2000



CELLULAR TELEPHONE ARRANGEMENTS

The invention relates to an enclosure for the circuitry of a base station of a cellular telephone system which receives signals from and supplies signals to an antenna of the system, in which the enclosure includes further circuitry for controlling an item of street furniture.

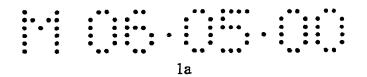
The invention also relates to an item of street furniture, additionally incorporating or carrying an antenna for a base station of a cellular telephone system, in combination with an enclosure for containing the circuitry of the base station, the enclosure being the same enclosure which includes circuitry for use in the principal function of the item of street furniture.

Such an enclosure is shown, for example, in EP-A-0 710 999. In this case, the enclosure is a telephone booth which includes circuitry for the base station of the cellular telephone system, the booth carrying an antenna for the cellular telephone system and also including circuitry for the public telephone in the telephone booth.

Such an enclosure is also shown in WO 98 10529. Here, the enclosure includes circuitry for the base station of a cellular telephone system and also includes further circuitry for supplying power to an item of street furniture which is in the form of a street lamp also carrying an antenna for the cellular telephone system.

In the known enclosures, they simply act as a container for the circuitry of the base station and for the item of street furniture (the public telephone or the street lamp). The invention aims to provide more effective use of such an enclosure.

Accordingly, the enclosure as first set forth above is characterised in that part of the circuitry of the base station is common to part of the further circuitry.



In another aspect, the invention also relates to an item of street furniture, additionally incorporating or carrying an antenna for a base station of a cellular telephone system, in combination with an enclosure for containing the circuitry of the base station, the enclosure being the same enclosure which includes circuitry for use in the principal function of the item of street furniture

Such an item of street furniture is shown, for example, in EP-A-0 710 999 referred to above, where it takes the form of the public telephone, and in WO 98 10529, also referred to above, where it takes the form of the street lamp. The invention in its second aspect aims to make more efficient use of the juxtaposition of the item of street furniture (public telephone or street lamp) and the base station of the cellular telephone system. Accordingly, the item of street furniture as first set forth above is characterised in that at least part of the circuitry for the base station is common with part of the circuitry for the principal function of the item of street furniture.

Cellular telephone base stations and antenna arrangements embodying the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

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Figure 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of another embodiment of the invention;

Figure 3 is an internal view of a housing forming part of the embodiment illustrated in

Figure 2; and

Figures 4,5,6,7 and 8 are elevational views of further embodiments.

Cellular telephone systems require a number of geographically distributed base stations each having a transmitting and receiving antenna by means of which radio signals are transmitted to and from mobile cellular telephones temporarily located within the area covered by the base station. Such signals include signals to and from the mobile telephone for registering its presence within that particular area and for use in recording that location in a visitor location register or in some other part of the system, signals for authenticating the mobile telephone to enable calls to be made to and from it, signals carrying voice, data or other digital information from the mobile telephone or other such equipment to other telephones (mobile or fixed), and signals carrying voice, data or other digital information from within the transmitting/receiving area of the antenna of one base station and into the corresponding area of another base station, the mobile is "handed over" to the new base station. To provide effective

operation of a mobile telephone it is of course essential that base stations and their associated antennas be positioned sufficiently close together to provide uninterrupted operation, taking account of the local environment. In particular, problems can arise in urban environments. Firstly, large and solid buildings within an urban environment may limit the effective range of each base station, requiring the base stations to be closer together than they might be in a more open or rural environment. Secondly, local planning authorities may be very reluctant to allow a proliferation of base stations and their associated antennas within urban, suburban or rural environments.

According to a feature of the embodiments being described, therefore, at least part of a base station-antenna combination is located in and/or on an item of street furniture - such as (for example) a lamp post, a support post for close circuit television (CCTV) apparatus, posts for traffic lights, direction signs or road signs in general, shop signs, litter bins and any other suitable item of street furniture - or an item forming part of the structure of a building such as a rain-water drain pipe. In this way, therefore, a base station-antenna combination can be physically situated within an urban environment without having substantially any additional physical or visual effects on the environment. Thus, the item of street furniture, or being part of the structure of a building, on which the base station-antenna combination is mounted, or in which part only of that combination is mounted, is present in the environment or is already accepted into the environment due to its appearance, and the additional visible part may only comprise the base station antenna which is small and of minimal visual impact. In many cases, the circuitry of the base

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station may be incorporated in an enclosure which is already part of the item of street furniture - for example, the enclosure forming the lower part of a lamp post or a CCTV post as will be described in more detail below.

Figure 1 shows a lamp post comprising a mast 5 carrying a lamp unit 6 and having an enlarged enclosure 8 at its foot which will include control circuitry for the lamp unit 6 such as its power supply and a timer or possibly a photo-electric control unit. In accordance with a feature of the invention, one or more antennas 10,12 is also mounted on the mast 6, these antennas being antennas of a base station of a cellular telephone system. In this embodiment, the circuitry of the base station is mounted in an additional enclosure 14 which is positioned on the ground, adjacent the foot of the mast 5 and is connected to the antennas 10,12.

The antennas 10,12 are small in size and mounted considerably above pedestrians and traffic. They will therefore have minimal visual impact. The enclosure 14 is also small in size and of standard street furniture appearance. Because of this, and because it is mounted immediately adjacent the foot of the lamp post mast 5, it also will have only a small physical and visual impact.

In a modification, however, the circuitry of the base station can be mounted within the enclosure 8 of the lamp post itself, instead of in a separate enclosure 14. In such a case, it may be necessary to enlarge the enclosure 8 but this may be done to an extent which is

hardly noticeable.

In another modification, the enclosure 14 is not mounted immediately adjacent to the lamp post but is mounted a short distance away, such as on, in or immediately adjacent to a neighbouring building and connected to the lamp post and the antennas 10,12 via connections under the pavement or roadway. If such an enclosure 14 is mounted outside the building, it can be shaped and coloured, relative to the shape and colour of the building, so that, again, it has minimal physical or visual impact.

In Figure 2, a mast 20 for supporting a CCTV camera 22 has an enclosure 24 in which is located the control and power circuits for the camera, such as for energising and adjusting the attitude of the camera. In accordance with a feature of the invention, the mast 20 also carries an antenna 26 which is the antenna of a cellular telephone base station. In this example, the circuitry for the base station can be located within the enclosure 24 if it is of a suitable size. Again, however, the circuitry for the base station could be incorporated within a separate enclosure located either immediately near the enclosure 24 or at some other location where its physical and visual impact is small.

In the case of the embodiment shown in Figure 2, where the enclosure 24 will incorporate circuitry of some complexity for energising and controlling the CCTV camera 22, it may advantageously be possible to arrange for at least some of the circuitry for the camera and for the base station to be common - such as the power supply and perhaps some of the

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processing circuitry for the signals to be transmitted to and from a distant location. The use of such common circuitry enables the size of the enclosure 24 to be reduced.

Figure 3 illustrates an internal view of one form which the housing 24 can take. As shown, it comprises a metal casing 25 having an access door 26 and with a vertically arranged support plate 27. The latter carries a number of circuit units. Unit 28 is the circuitry for the base station. Unit 29 is the circuitry for the CCTV camera 22. These units are of course connected to the antenna 26 and to the camera 22 respectively (see Figure 2).

Each unit 28,29 requires a power supply. Power is obtained from a common power supply unit 30 which is energised by the local mains supply (normally via an underground connection, not shown) and provides the appropriate output supplies for the units 28 and 29.

Each unit 28,29 also requires input and output signal lines. Thus, the base station unit 29 receives input signals for controlling its operation and for carrying telecommunications signals between the base station and the central switch of the cellular telephone system (that is, signals relating to telephone calls made to and by the mobile telephones within the cell serviced by the base station). The camera 22 receives input signals for controlling its operation and produces output signals carrying the camera output to the central monitoring station. These input and output signals to and from the units 28 and 29 are

supplied via the local PSTN network, through a unit 31. Unit 31 is connected to the local PSTN lines (normally by underground connections, not shown), and feeds the appropriate signals to and receives them from the units 28 and 29. A significant amount of the circuitry in the unit 31 is common to the operation of the base station and the camera.

Because the power unit 30 and the signalling unit 31 are common to the base station unit 28 and the CCTV unit 29, efficient use is made of the space within the housing 24 which can thus be of minimum size.

Advantageously, the housing 24 is provided with a cooling system to limit any rise in temperature caused by heat generated by the equipment within the housing and by the external ambient temperature. As shown in Figure 3, this cooling may be provided by a fan 32 which draws fresh air into the casing 25 through inlet grills or openings 33 and blows hot air out through exit grills or openings 34. It is found that satisfactory cooling can be achieved, without generating more than minimal noise. Instead, however, more sophisticated air management or cooling may be provided, such as air-conditioning and possibly including means for controlling the ambient temperature within the enclosure.

In a modification of the housing 24 of Figure 3, for use with a lamp post such as shown in Figure 1, the unit 29 which in Figure 3 controls the camera 22 may be replaced by a unit which controls the lamp 6. This unit would receive power from the common power supply 30 and could receive control signals via the unit 31. Again, such a housing could

be provided with a cooling fan and grills or openings like the housing 24 of Figure 3, or more sophisticated air management or cooling arrangements, such as air-conditioning and temperature control arrangements.

Figure 4 shows a view along a road within an urban environment, showing the road surface 36, the pavement 38, and a building 40 carrying a sign 42 such as bearing the name of a shop in the building or being some other advertising or informational sign for example. The Figure shows an enclosure 44 in which is incorporated the circuitry of a base station for a cellular telephone system. The circuitry is connected via suitably concealed connections to an antenna 46 mounted on or in the sign 42. Again, therefore, the antenna 46 has minimal physical and visual impact or is invisible, and the enclosure 38 is designed to achieve the same end. The enclosure may incorporate circuitry associated with the sign 42, and some of this circuitry may be common with some of the circuits for the base station.

In an advantageous modification of the arrangement shown in Figure 4, the enclosure 44 may be located within the building so as to have no external physical or visual impact, as shown dotted at 44A.

Figure 5 shows a modification of the arrangement shown in Figure 4. In Figure 5, the antenna is shown dotted at 48, being mounted within the sign 42 and therefore completely invisible.

In the embodiments shown in Figures 6 and 7, the sign 42 is mounted flat on the front face of the building and is therefore shown in end view in these Figures. In Figure 6, the antenna is shown at 50 and is mounted externally on the sign. In Figure 7, the antenna is shown dotted at 52 and is mounted within the sign.

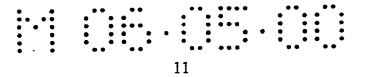
In the embodiments shown in Figures 4 to 7, a miniaturised version of the base station circuitry may also be incorporated in or on the sign.

Figure 8 shows another modification. In Figure 8, the antenna 54 is mounted within a rain water drain pipe shown at 56. The drain pipe 56 may be an actual drain pipe of the building, such as serving a gutter 57, or it may be an artificial drainpipe, that is, a hollow pipe attached to the external surface of the building to provide a housing for the antenna but not actually performing the function of a drain pipe. In either case, the presence of the antenna within the drain pipe will not be externally visible. The base station may be positioned as shown at 44 or 44A in Figures 4 to 7 or elsewhere, such as within the building itself. The antenna 54 may be mounted within the drain pipe in any suitable way so as to extend vertically within it.

It will be appreciated that many modifications can be made. In particular, and using the principles disclosed, antennas for cellular telephone base stations can be mounted on or in a variety of other types of street furniture, and either the circuitry for the base station can be also incorporated therein or a circuitry for the base station can be located at a

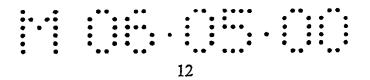
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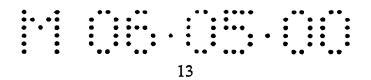


CLAIMS

- 1. An enclosure (14,24,44) for the circuitry of a base station (44) of a cellular telephone system which receives signals from and supplies signals to an antenna (46) of the system, in which the enclosure (14,24,44) includes further circuitry (29) for controlling an item of street furniture, characterised in that part of the circuitry (30,31) of the base station is common to part (30,31) of the further circuitry (29).
- 2. An enclosure according to claim 1, characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes power supply circuitry (30).
- 3. An enclosure according to claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes signalling circuitry (31).
- 4. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, characterised by means (32) for cooling or ventilating the interior thereof.
- 5. An enclosure according to any preceding claim, characterised by means (32) for controlling the ambient temperature therewithin.
- 6. An item of street furniture (5,6,20,42), additionally incorporating or carrying an antenna (46) for a base station (44) of a cellular telephone system, in combination with an enclosure (14,24,44) for containing the circuitry (28,30,31) of the base station (44), the enclosure (14,24,44) being the same enclosure which includes circuitry (29) for use in the principal function of the item of street furniture (5,6,20,42), characterised in that at least part of the circuitry for the base station (44) is common with part (30,31) of the circuitry for the principal function of the item of street furniture (5,6,20,42).
- 7. An item of street furniture according to claim 6, characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes power supply circuitry (30).



- 8. An item of street furniture according to claim 6 or 7, characterised in that the common part of the circuitry includes circuitry (31) for carrying signals to or from the base station circuitry (28) and the circuit (29) for the principal function of the item of street furniture (5,6,20,42).
- 9. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 8, characterised in that it is associated with but physically separate from the enclosure (14).
- 10. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 8, characterised in that it is physically combined with the enclosure (24).
- 11. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 10, characterised in that it is in the form of a mast (5) carrying lighting means.
- 12. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 10, characterised in that it is in the form of a mast (20) carrying a closed circuit television camera (22).
- 13. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 10, characterised in that it comprises a sign (42).
- 14. An item of street furniture according to claim 13, characterised in that the sign (42) is a shop sign or an advertising sign.
- 15. An item of street furniture according to claim 13, characterised in that the sign is a traffic sign.
- 16. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 10, characterised in that it is a drain pipe or simulated drain pipe (56) for mounting on an external surface of a building and the antenna (54) is mounted within the pipe.



17. An item of street furniture according to any one of claims 6 to 16, characterised by means (32) for cooling or ventilating the interior of the enclosure (14,24,44).

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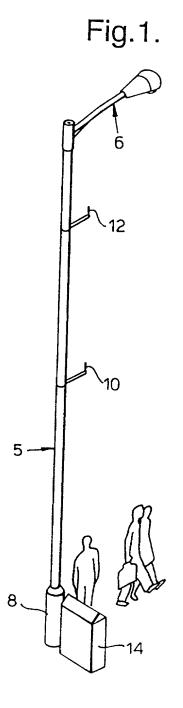
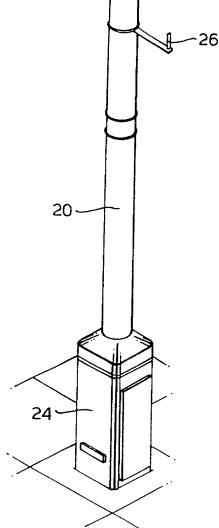
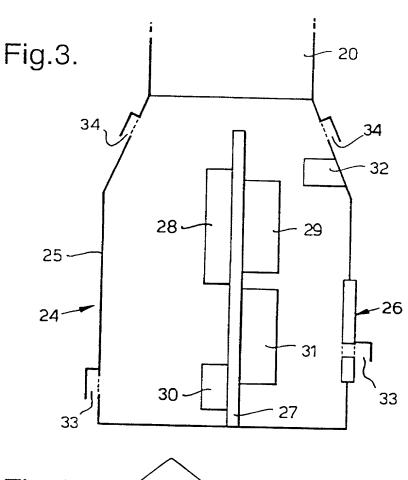
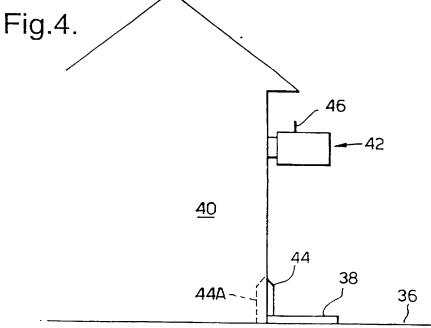


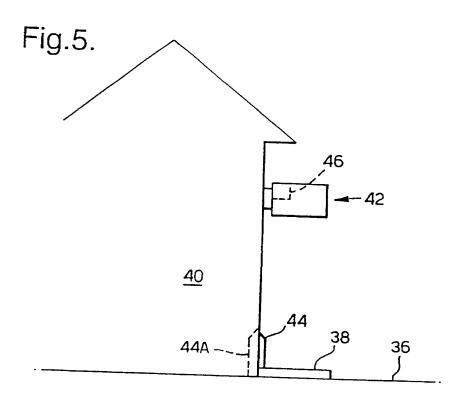
Fig.2.

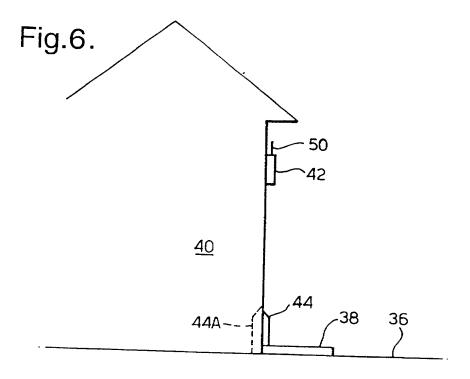




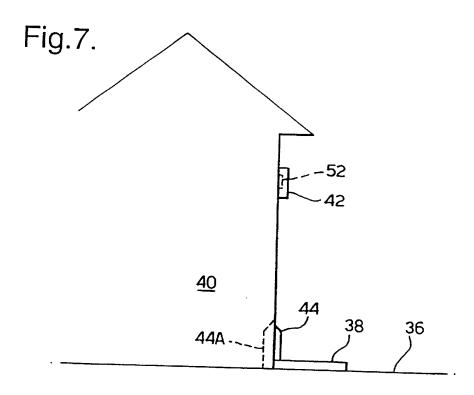


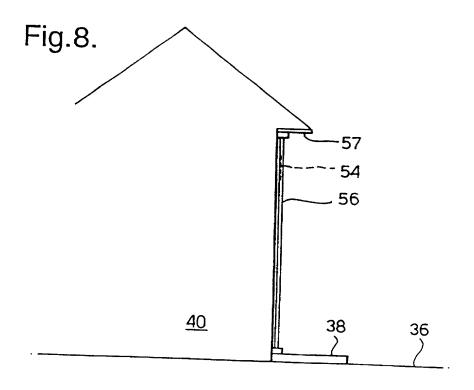
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This declaration is of the following type: [] original [] design [] supplemental [X] national stage of PCT [] divisional [] continuation [] continuation-in-part

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

"Cellular Telephone Arrangements"

the	specif	ication	ofw	hick	
mc	SPECII	ication	OI W	шсг	1:

[]	is attached hereto.				
[]	was as filed on	Serial No.		and was amended	l on
	(if	applicable).		 	
[]	was filed by Express Mail N	No.	, as Serial	No. not known yet, and	was
	amended on	(if applicable		•	
[X]	was described and claime			No.GB99/00987 filed	on
		d as amended under PC			(if
	any).				_ ,,

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

COUNTRY	APPLICATION	DATE OF FILING (day,month,year)		RIORITY JNDER 3	
United Kingdom	9806924.8	31 March 1998	X	YES	NO
United Kingdom	9824100.3	5 November 1998	Х	YES	NO
				YES	NO

I hereby claim the benefit pursuant to Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of the following United States provisional application(s):

4.3 Lij FIJ į,į Hart Hall

PRIOR U.S. PROVISIONAL A THE BENEFIT UND	
APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

PRIO			ONS OR PCT INTER HE U.S. FOR BENEF			3
U.	S. APPL	ICATIONS			Status (check of	ne)
U.S. APPLICATION	NS	U.S.	. FILING DATE	PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
1.0/						
2.0/						
3.0/						
PCT APPLICAT	IONS D	ESIGNATI	NG THE U.S.	Status (check one)		
PCT APPLICATION No.		FILING DATE	U.S. SERIAL NOS. ASSIGNED (if any)	PATENTED PENDING ABANDO		
4. GB99/00987	30 Ma	rch 199	9			
5.						
6.						

	S OF FOREIGN APPLIC DER 35 USC 119 FOR A			
ABOVE APPLN. No.	Country	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING (day,month,yr)	DATE OF ISSUE (day,month,yr)
1. GB99/00987	United Kingdom	9806924.8	31 March 1998	
2. GB99/00987	United Kingdom	9824100.3	5 Nov. 1998	
3.				
4.		***************************************		
5.				···
6.				

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I further direct that correspondence concerning this application be directed to LEYDIG, VOIT & MAYER, LTD., Two Prudential Plaza, Suite 4900, 180 North Stetson, Chicago, Illinois 60601-6780, Telephone (312) 616-5600.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true, that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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